§ 3565.209

loan exceed the lesser of 40 years or the remaining economic life of the project.

- (b) Prepayment of loans. A guaranteed loan may be prepaid in whole or in part at the determination of the lender, and upon the lender's written notice to the Agency at least 30 days prior to the expected date of prepayment. The Agency will not pay any lockout or prepayment penalty assessed by the lender. The lender must certify the following in the notice of prepayment:
- (1) The lease documents used by the borrower or its agent prohibit the abrogation of tenant leases in the event of prepayment; and
- (2) The borrower has notified tenants of the request to prepay the loan, including notice of the prohibition against abrogation of the lease and the policy and procedure for handling complaints regarding compliance with the long-term use restriction as contained in subpart H of this part.

§ 3565.209 Loan amortization.

Each guaranteed loan shall be made for a period of not less than 25 nor greater than 40 years from the date the loan was made and may provide for amortization of the loan over a period of not to exceed 40 years with a final payment of the balance due at the end of the loan term.

[67 FR 16970, April 9, 2002]

$\S 3565.210$ Maximum interest rate.

The interest rate for a guaranteed loan must not exceed the maximum allowable rate specified by the Agency in NOFA. Such rate must be fixed over the term of the loan.

§3565.211 Interest credit.

- (a) Limitation. For at least 20 percent of the loans made during each fiscal year, the Agency will provide assistance in the form of interest credit, to the extent necessary to reduce the agreed-upon rate of interest to the AFR as such term is used in section 42(I)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. 7805, §1.42–1T.
- (b) Selection criteria. The Agency will select projects to receive interest credits using any of such criteria as the Agency may establish for priority

projects as contained in subpart A of this part.

§ 3565.212 Multiple guaranteed loans.

The Agency may guarantee more than one loan on any project if all guaranteed loans, in the aggregate, comply with these regulations, including without limitation:

- (a) In the aggregate, loans do not exceed the maximum guaranteed loan amount and loan-to-value limits, as contained in §3565.204;
- (b) In the aggregate, loans are all to be secured equally by a first lien as the Agency may, at its sole discretion, determine necessary to ensure repayment of the loans: and
- (c) If different lenders originate the loans, each lender has executed an intercreditor agreement in form and substance acceptable to the Agency.

[63 FR 39458, July 22, 1998, as amended at 70 FR 2931, Jan. 19, 2005]

§3565.213 Geographic distribution.

The Agency may refuse to guarantee a loan in an area where there is undue risk due to a concentration in the market of properties subject to a Agency guaranteed loan. The Agency will consider the credit quality of the loan and overall market conditions in making a determination of undue risk. If any of the Agency guaranteed loans in the market are experiencing vacancy rates in excess of 15% and the vacancy is due to market conditions, the Agency will invoke this provision and not guarantee the loan.

§ 3565.214 [Reserved]

§ 3565.215 Special conditions.

- (a) Use of third party funds. As a condition of receiving a guaranteed loan, the Agency, or the lender if designated by the Agency, must review the terms and conditions of any secondary financing or funding of projects, including loans, capital grants or rental assistance.
- (b) Recourse. If required by the lender, loans guaranteed under this program may be made on a recourse or nonrecourse basis, or with any personal or special borrower guarantees on collateralization.